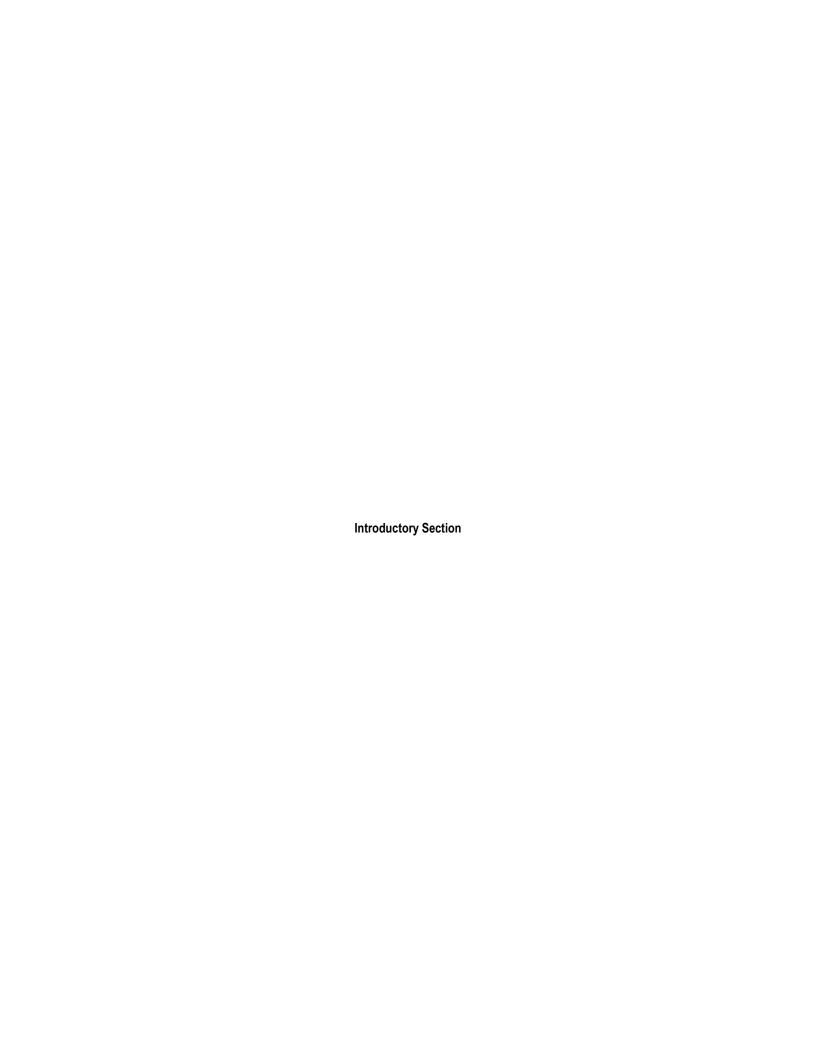
Financial Statements

September 30, 2019

Homosassa Special Water District



	Page Page
I. Introductory Section:	
Table of Contents	i
II. Financial Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	8
Balance Sheet - General Fund	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund	10
General Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	11
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	12
Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	13
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	14
Notes to Financial Statements	15
Required Supplementary Information	32
III. Internal Control and Compliance Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statement Performed	
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	35
Management Comments and Required Communications	37
Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with the Requirements of	
Section 218.415, Florida Statutes	40
Response to Management Comments	41

i

Financial Section

This section contains the following subsections:

- Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements Required Supplementary Information



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Homosassa Special Water District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the *Homosassa Special Water District*, (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other post-employment and pension disclosures on pages 3-6 and 32-34, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statement in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statement, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated May 13, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McDismit Davis

Orlando, Florida May 13, 2020 As management of the Homosassa Special Water District we offer readers of the Homosassa Special Water District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Homosassa Special Water District (the District) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements (beginning on page 7).

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,549,581 (net position). Of this amount, \$724,248 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$322,204.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Homosassa Special Water District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,906,602, an increase of \$260,898 in comparison with the prior year. Unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$940,097 or 6 times the amount of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Homosassa Special Water District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's financial position, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They include a *Statement of Net Position* and a *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 9 and provide detailed information about the funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the Board of Commissioners established another fund to help control and manage money for particular purposes. The District has a governmental fund and a proprietary fund.

Governmental Fund

The District's services are reported in the governmental fund, which focus on how money flows into and out of the fund and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. This fund is reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's programs. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Fund

Operations that are financed and operated similar to private businesses are reported in the proprietary fund. This fund is reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 31 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The District's net position for the year ending 2019 and 2018 were \$4,549,581 and \$4,227,377 respectively, an increase of \$322,204. A large portion of the District's net position (63.4%) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

Statement of Net Position as of September 30:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	Business-Type Activities		Government	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Assets:							
Current and other assets	\$ 1,913,850	1,646,977	\$ 701,763	655,414	\$ 2,615,613	\$ 2,302,391	
Capital assets			4,589,273	4,554,430	4,589,273	4,554,430	
Total assets	1,913,850	1,646,977	5,291,036	5,209,844	7,204,886	6,856,821	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	22,073	24,800	205,265	237,799	227,338	262,599	
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities	7,248	1,273	55,449	80,465	62,697	81,738	
Noncurrent liabilities	152,101	125,089	2,602,297	2,605,198	2,754,398	2,730,287	
Total liabilities	159,349	126,362	2,657,746	2,685,663	2,817,095	2,812,025	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,628	7,747	58,920	72,271	65,548	80,018	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	-	-	2,884,932	2,733,231	2,884,932	2,733,231	
Restricted	-	_	940,401	1,189,714	940,401	1,189,714	
Unrestricted	1,769,946	1,537,668	(1,045,698)	(1,233,236)	724,248	304,432	
Total net position	\$ 1,769,946	\$ 1,537,668	\$ 2,779,635	\$ 2,689,709	\$ 4,549,581	\$ 4,227,377	

Changes in Net Position for the Year Ended September 30:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total Primary	/ Government
	2019	2018	2019	2019 2018		2018
Revenues: Program Revenues-						
Charges for services Intergovernmental	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 1,568,732 65,000	\$ 1,381,881 47,068	\$ 1,568,732 65,000	\$ 1,381,881 47,068
General Revenues- Ad valorem taxes Investment income and	621,372	617,761	-	-	621,372	617,761
miscellaneous	26,376	16,215	28,685	23,417	55,061	39,632
Total Revenues	647,748	633,976	1,662,417	1,452,366	2,310,165	2,086,342
Expenses: General government Water system	171,260 	113,456	- 1,816,701	- 1,507,170	171,260 1,816,701	113,456 1,507,170
Total Expenses	171,260	113,456	1,816,701	1,507,170	1,987,961	1,620,626
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position Before Transfers and Special Items	476,488	520,520	(154,284)	(54,804)	322,204	465,716
Transfers	(244,210)	(334,846)	244,210	334,846	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	232,278	185,674	89,926	280,042	322,204	465,716
Net Position - beginning Prior period adjustment	1,537,668	1,361,656 (9,662)	2,689,709	2,430,923 (21,256)	4,227,377	3,792,579 (30,918)
Net Position - ending	\$ 1,769,946	\$ 1,537,668	\$ 2,779,635	\$ 2,689,709	\$ 4,549,581	\$ 4,227,377

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased net position \$232,278. Total governmental activities expenses increased \$57,804 (51%), and transfers out decreased \$90,636.

Business-Type Activities

Charges for services for business-type activities increased 13% from 2018 to 2019. Total business-type expenses increased 21% from 2018 to 2019.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General fund balance increased \$260,898 from the previous year and is reporting an ending fund balance of \$1,906,602. Of this balance \$940,097 is unassigned.

Proprietary Funds

The District's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Water System Revenue Fund reported an operating loss of \$122,871, which is a decrease of \$47,862 from the previous year. Of the total net position in the amount of \$2,779,635, \$940,401 is restricted for FDOT projects.

Final Budget versus Actual Results - General Fund

Total revenues for the year ending 2019 came in \$13,022 greater than what was budgeted. This is due to investment income exceeding the budget.

Total expenditures for the year ending 2019 came in \$348,937 less than budgeted, due to budgeting for capital outlay, which was not expended in the General Fund.

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2019, the District's investment in capital assets amounts to \$4,589,273 (net of accumulated depreciation). This amount represents an increase of \$34,843 from the year ending September 30, 2018. This increase is due to current year additions exceeding depreciation.

Long-Term Debt

At September 30, 2019, the District had a Note payable of \$1,637,626 outstanding, and a SRF loan of \$66,715 outstanding.

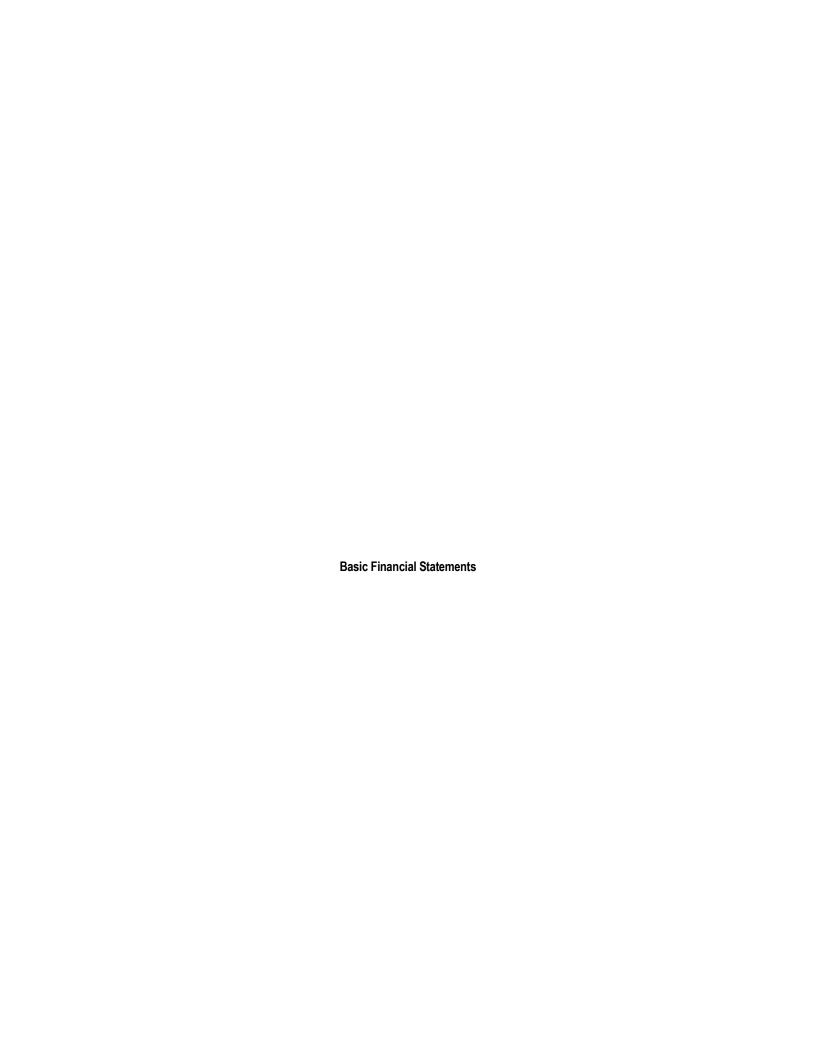
Economic Factors

In October 2019 the District increased water rates 3%, which would bring in approximately an additional \$45,000.

For the 2019-2020 budget cycle, the Board set the millage rate at 1.3307 which is expected to bring in an additional \$42,000 of ad valorem revenues.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Homosassa Special Water District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to the office of the Homosassa Special Water District, P.O. 195, Homosassa, Florida 34487.



	Primary Government					
		Governmental ities (General Fund)	A	Business-Type ctivities (Water estem Revenue Fund)		Total
Assets:				_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	947,345	\$	459,209	\$	1,406,554
Receivables (net of allowance)		-		141,696		141,696
Internal balances		966,505		(966,505)		-
Prepaids		-		940,401		940,401
Inventory-field supplies Capital assets not being depreciated:		-		126,962		126,962
Land				216,239		216,239
Construction in progress		_		1,865,182		1,865,182
Capital assets being depreciated, net of				1,003,102		1,003,102
accumulated depreciation		-		2,507,852		2,507,852
Total assets		1,913,850		5,291,036		7,204,886
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred outflows of pension earnings		22,073		205,265		227,338
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		7,248		7,245		14,493
Customer deposits		-		48,204		48,204
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		-		187,192		187,192
Due in more than one year		152,101		2,415,105		2,567,206
Total liabilities		159,349		2,657,746		2,817,095
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred inflows of pension earnings		6,628		58,920		65,548
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		-		2,884,932		2,884,932
Restricted for highway 19 project		-		940,401		940,401
Unrestricted		1,769,946		(1,045,698)		724,248
Total net position	\$	1,769,946	\$	2,779,635	\$	4,549,581

		Progran	n Revenue	Net (Expense	e) Revenue and (Position	Changes in
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	•		Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government Governmental Activities - General government	\$ 171,260	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (171,260)	\$ -	\$ (171,260)
Total governmental activities	171,260			(171,260)		(171,260)
Business-type activities - Water	1,816,701	1,568,732	65,000		(182,969)	(182,969)
Total business-type activities	1,816,701	1,568,732	65,000		(182,969)	(182,969)
Total primary government	\$ 1,987,961	\$ 1,568,732	\$ 65,000	(171,260)	(182,969)	(354,229)
	General Reven Property taxes Investment inco Transfers	nues: ome and miscella	neous	621,372 26,376 (244,210)	- 28,685 244,210	621,372 55,061
	Total gene	eral revenues an	d transfers	403,538	272,895	676,433
	Change in	Change in net position			89,926	322,204
	Net Positio	n, beginning		1,537,668	2,689,709	4,227,377
	Net Position	on, ending		\$ 1,769,946	\$ 2,779,635	\$ 4,549,581

	 General Fund
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Advances to other funds	\$ 947,345 966,505
Total assets	\$ 1,913,850
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:	7.040
Accounts payable	\$ 7,248
Total liabilities	 7,248
Fund Balance: Nonspendable-advances Unassigned	966,505 940,097
Total fund balance	1,906,602
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension earnings are not recognized in the governmental funds; however they are recorded in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting.	15,445
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Other post employment benefits (83,459)	
Net pension liability (68,642)	(152,101)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,769,946

		General Fund
Revenues:		
Property taxes	\$	621,372
Investment earnings		26,376
Total revenues		647,748
Expenditures:		
Current:		140 (40
General government		142,640
Total expenditures		142,640
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		505,108
Other Financing Sources(Uses):		
Transfers out		(244,210)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(244,210)
Net Change in Fund Balance		260,898
Fund Balance, beginning of year		1,645,704
Fund Balance, end of year	\$	1,906,602
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:		
Net change in fund balances, governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	\$	260,898
Cash pension contributions reported in the funds were more than the calculated pension expense on the statement of activities and therefore increased net position.		(7,213)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(21,407)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	232,278
change in het position of governmental activities	ψ	ZJZ,Z10

								Variance with Final Budget -
								Positive
		Budgeted	l Am		Act	ual Amounts		(Negative)
Danish		Original		Final				
Revenues: Property taxes	\$	608,000	\$	625,226	\$	621,372	\$	(3,854)
Investment income	Φ	9,500	Ф	9,500	Ф	26,376	Ф	(3,654) 16,876
Total revenues		617,500		634,726		647,748		13,022
Expenditures:								
General Government:								
Tax collection and assessment fee		30,000		38,613		29,357		9,256
Salaries, wages and benefits		68,151		69,628		68,333		1,295
Audit and accounting fees		17,000		17,000		19,030		(2,030)
Legal fees		20,200		20,245		16,030		4,215
Engineers		12,000		12,000		-		12,000
District election expense		-		7,091		7,090		1
Capital Outlay		327,000		327,000		2,800		324,200
Total general government		474,351		491,577		142,640		348,937
Total expenditures		474,351		491,577		142,640		348,937
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		143,149		143,149		505,108		361,959
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(210,000)		(210,000)		(244,210)		(34,210)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(210,000)		(210,000)		(244,210)		(34,210)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(66,851)		(66,851)		260,898		327,749
Fund Balance, beginning of year		1,645,704		1,645,704		1,645,704		
Fund Balance, end of year	\$	1,578,853	\$	1,578,853	\$	1,906,602	\$	327,749

Assets: 459,209 Current assets equivalents 141,969 Accounts receivable, net 141,096 Prepaid expenses 940,401 Prepaid expenses 1,668,268 Noncurrent assets 1,668,268 Short and assets 27,022 Construction in progress 1,865,182 Buildings 429,191 Water distribution system 1,096,257 Machinery and equipment 1,096,257 Software 3,335 Less accumulated depreciation (5,637,818) Total anoncurrent assets 4,589,273 Total assets 2,525,541 Deferred Outflows of Resources 205,265 Liabilities 2,525,541 Current liabilities 7,245 Customer deposits payable 7,245 Accounts payable current 1,209,164 Notes payable-current 1,209,164 Notes payable current 1,209,164 Notes payable 4,804 Notes payable 4,804 Notes payable 4,804		Water System Revenue Fund
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Deferred Outflows of Resources 205,265 Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 7,245 Due to other funds 966,505 Customer deposits payable 48,204 Notes payable-current 175,059 Compensated absences-current 12,133 Total current liabilities 1,209,146 Noncurrent liabilities: 1,209,146 OPEB Obligation 183,611 Compensated absences 48,478 Notes payable 1,529,282 Net pension liability 653,734 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,415,105 Total liabilities 3,624,251 Deferred Inflows of Resources 2,884,932 Deferred Inflows of pension earnings 58,920 Net Position: 2,884,932 Restricted for FDOT projects 940,401 Unrestricted (1,045,698)	·	
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Liabilities: Current liabilities: 7,245 Accounts payable 7,245 Due to other funds 966,505 Customer deposits payable 48,204 Notes payable-current 175,059 Compensated absences-current 12,133 Total current liabilities 1,209,146 Noncurrent liabilities: 90,146 OPEB Obligation 183,611 Compensated absences 48,478 Notes payable 1,529,282 Net pension liability 653,734 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,415,105 Total liabilities 3,624,251 Deferred Inflows of Resources 2,415,105 Deferred Inflows of pension earnings 58,920 Net Position: 2,884,932 Restricted for FDOT projects 940,401 Unrestricted (1,045,698)		205.265
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Noncurrent liabilities: 183,611 Compensated absences 48,478 Notes payable 1,529,282 Net pension liability 653,734 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,415,105 Total liabilities 3,624,251 Deferred Inflows of Resources 58,920 Net Position: 1 Net investment in capital assets 2,884,932 Restricted for FDOT projects 940,401 Unrestricted (1,045,698)	Total current liabilities	1,209,146
Compensated absences 48,478 Notes payable 1,529,282 Net pension liability 653,734 Total noncurrent liabilities 2,415,105 Total liabilities 3,624,251 Deferred Inflows of Resources 58,920 Deferred inflows of pension earnings 58,920 Net Position: 2,884,932 Restricted for FDOT projects 940,401 Unrestricted (1,045,698)		
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Total liabilities 3,624,251 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows of pension earnings 58,920 Net Position: Net investment in capital assets 2,884,932 Restricted for FDOT projects 940,401 Unrestricted (1,045,698)	Net pension liability	653,734
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows of pension earnings Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for FDOT projects Unrestricted 1 2,884,932 1 940,401 1 (1,045,698)	Total noncurrent liabilities	2,415,105
Deferred inflows of pension earnings58,920Net Position:2,884,932Net investment in capital assets2,884,932Restricted for FDOT projects940,401Unrestricted(1,045,698)	Total liabilities	3,624,251
Net investment in capital assets2,884,932Restricted for FDOT projects940,401Unrestricted(1,045,698)		58,920
Net investment in capital assets2,884,932Restricted for FDOT projects940,401Unrestricted(1,045,698)	Net Position:	
Restricted for FDOT projects 940,401 Unrestricted (1,045,698)		2,884,932
		940,401
Total net position \$ 2,779,635	Unrestricted	(1,045,698)
	Total net position	\$ 2,779,635

	Water System Revenue Fund
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 1,568,732
Total operating revenues	1,568,732
Operating Expenses:	
Personal services	938,152
Utilities	67,617
Materials and supplies	149,694
Repairs and maintenance	75,209
Depreciation and amortization	254,692
Insurance	85,453 120,707
Other expenses	120,786
Total operating expenses	1,691,603
Operating loss	(122,871)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):	
Intergovernmental	65,000
Investment income	28,685
Loss on disposal of assets	(77,446)
Interest expense	(47,652)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(31,413)
Income (loss) before transfers	(154,284)
Transfers In	244,210
Change in net position	89,926
Total Net Position, beginning	2,689,709
Total Net Position, ending	\$ 2,779,635

	Water System Revenue Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 1,545,162 (805,012) (289,100)
Net cash provided by operating activities	451,050
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Investment income (loss)	28,685
Net cash provided by investing activities	28,685
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfer in from general fund	244,210
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	244,210
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Cash received from capital grants Acquisitions and construction of capital assets Proceeds from notes payable Payments on notes payable Interest paid on notes payable	65,000 (366,981) 66,715 (183,573) (47,652)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(466,491)
Net Increase in Cash	257,454
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning	201,755
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ending	\$ 459,209
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating loss Adjustments Net Affecting Cash:	(122,871)
Adjustments Not Affecting Cash: Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities	254,692
Increase in accounts and unbilled revenue receivable Decrease in prepaid expenses	(27,495) 249,313
Decrease in accounts payable	(28,941)
Increase in OPEB obligation	47,096
Decrease in deferred outflows Decrease in deferred inflows	32,534
Increase in net pension liability	(13,351) 66,861
Increase in inventory	(10,713)
Increase in customers' deposits	3,925
Total adjustments	573,921
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 451,050



NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The *Homosassa Special Water District* (the District) was created pursuant to an act (Chapter 59-1177) passed by the Florida House and Senate in June 1959, establishing a public body corporate and political subdivision in Citrus County, Florida.

The Board of Commissioners of Homosassa Special Water District, a five-member group, is the level of government, which has governance responsibilities over all activities, related to supplying water to customers within the boundaries of the District.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, the District has considered all potential component units. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organizations' governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organizations' resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization. In applying the above criteria, there are no potential component units or related organizations of the District.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for; (1) the governmental fund (general fund), statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance- Budget and Actual; (2) proprietary fund (water system revenue fund), statements of revenue, expenses and changes in fund net position and cash flows.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Ad valorem taxes attach, as an enforceable lien, on property as of February 1. Taxes are levied on November 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied November 1 become delinquent March 1 of the following year. Ad valorem tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those ad valorem tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year-end. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when the District receives cash.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. The funds used by the District are as follows:

General Fund

Is the major governmental fund of the District. It accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Fund - Water System Revenue Fund

A proprietary fund is distinguished from a governmental fund in that proprietary funds report on the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Activities reported in this fund generally include those services that are funded by user fees (or other income sources) that are structured to recover the costs of providing those specific services.

The Water System Revenue Fund is the proprietary fund used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of this fund is that the costs, including depreciation, of supplying water to customers within the District boundaries be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Water System Revenue Fund is also used to report all of the transactions and balances of special assessment projects.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contribution, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's water system revenue fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The District also recognizes as operating revenue the meter fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the water system revenue fund considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents, including deposits with the local government surplus trust funds investment pool.

Inventory - Field Supplies

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined primarily by the first-in, first-out method.

Prepaids

Included in prepaids are escrow funds held by FDOT for the U.S. Highway 19 project and the Halls River Bridge project.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmentwide financial statements as "internal balances."

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The District reserved \$9,365 for uncollectible accounts in the Water System Revenue Fund.

Capital Assets

Capital assets of the Water System Revenue Fund are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase to satisfy budgetary requirements. At year-end, these assets are capitalized at cost for financial statement presentation. Cost includes capitalized interest on long-term obligations and overhead costs during the construction period of capital assets, when material. The District has adopted the accounting policy of capitalizing "infrastructure" capital assets (water lines and improvements, wells and similar assets) that are immovable and of value only to the District. Depreciation is calculated under the straight-line method and is charged to operations. The estimated lives of the assets, for determining depreciation charges are as follows:

Assets	Year
Water Distribution System and Water Treatment Plant	20-40
Office Buildings	30-40
Trucks, Equipment and Office Equipment	5-10
Software	3-5

Capital asset additions contributed to the Water System Revenue Fund are recorded as invested in capital assets at their acquisition value at time of acquisition.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2019, deferred outflows of pension earnings.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2019, deferred inflows of pension earnings.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government - wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Commissioners is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance or resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance or resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Commissioners is authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes. The Board of Commissioners may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above and additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Net position in the government-wide statements are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents net position related to infrastructure and property, plant and equipment, net of any related debt.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to adopt an annual budget for each fund. Each budget is adopted on the cash basis. This basis is not consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Budgetary comparisons presented in this report, for the General Fund, are on this non-GAAP budgetary basis; however, there were no items at September 30, 2019 which would require conversion to GAAP budgetary basis. The budget is used as a management tool that assists its users in analyzing financial activity for its fiscal year ending September 30. The Board of Commissioners amends the budget as activities occur that warrant such changes. The level of budgetary control is at the object level for the District. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Commissioners.

The District's procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are as follows:

- a) In August, the Board of Commissioners meets and develops a budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures, revenues and intergovernmental transfers.
- b) Prior to October 1, the Board of Commissioners holds a public hearing, then formally approves the budget.

Appropriations for the general fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is not used by the District.

Excess Expenditures over Appropriations

Transfers out exceeded appropriations by \$34,210. These over expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and available fund balance.

Estimates

The Board uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

New Accounting Standards

In fiscal year 2019, the District implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The statement requires additional note disclosures for certain debt issues. There was no effect on beginning balances for the District. The District also implemented GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. This statement eliminates the requirement to capitalize interest on enterprise fund capital projects. There was no effect on beginning balances of the District.

Additionally, the GASB has issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations that is effective for this fiscal year. The District has reviewed this statement and determined that this pronouncement has no discernable impact on these financial statements.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash Equivalents

All bank deposits were fully covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held in banks that are members of the State of Florida's Collateral Pool as specified under Florida law. Florida Statutes provide for collateral pooling by banks and savings and loans. This limits local government deposits to "authorized depositories".

Investments

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The District uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted prices for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable, and uses significant unobservable inputs that uses the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

The District's investment policies are governed by State Statutes which allow the following investments:

- 1. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust (SBA);
- 2. Securities and Exchange Commission Registered Money Market Funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- 3. Interest bearing savings accounts and certificates of deposit in qualified public depositories.
- 4. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies.

The SBA is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however the State of Florida does provide regulatory oversight. The Board has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a 2a-7 fund for the Florida Prime Fund, therefore, the pool account balance can be used as fair value for the financial reporting.

At September 30, 2019, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Weighted Average Maturity
Florida Prime	\$ 993,788	AAAm	37 days

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The District does not have an investment policy that addresses credit risk, concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk, or interest rate risk. However, all deposits are potentially subject to custodial credit risk. The District policy requires that bank deposits be secured as provided by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. This law requires local governments to deposit funds only in financial institutions designated as qualified public depositories (QPD) by the Chief Financial Officer of the State of Florida, and creates the Public Deposit Trust Fund, a multiple financial institution pool with the ability to assess its member financial institutions for collateral shortfalls if a default or insolvency has occurred. At September 30, 2019, all of the District's bank deposits were in QPDs.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities: Capital Assets, not being depreciated:			•	
Land Construction in progress	\$ 216,239 1,498,201	\$ - 366,981	\$ -	\$ 216,239 1,865,182
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 1,714,440	 366,981	 	 2,081,421
Total Capital assets not being depreciated	 1,7 14,440	 300,901	 	 2,001,421
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	429,191	-	-	429,191
Water distribution system	5,803,641	-	(97,189)	5,706,452
Improvements/infrastructure	880,411	-	-	880,411
Machinery and equipment	1,102,724	-	(6,467)	1,096,257
Intangibles	33,359	 -	 -	 33,359
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,249,326	 	 (103,656)	 8,145,670
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	(173,438)	(12,356)	-	(185,794)
Water distribution system	(3,451,055)	(183,619)	20,894	(3,613,780)
Improvements/infrastructure	(840,060)	(8,034)	-	(848,094)
Machinery and equipment	(912,114)	(50,323)	5,316	(957,121)
Intangibles	(32,669)	 (360)	-	 (33,029)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (5,409,336)	(254,692)	26,210	(5,637,818)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 2,839,990	 (254,692)	 (77,446)	 2,507,852
Total capital assets	\$ 4,554,430	\$ 112,289	\$ (77,446)	\$ 4,589,273

Depreciation expense was \$254,692 and was charged to water activities for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Series 2013 Note-Direct Borrowing

On July 25, 2013, the District signed a promissory note for \$2,600,000 to finance the costs of certain capital improvements consisting of water line replacement and expansion of the water utility system and pay off the Series 2006 Note. The note requires monthly principal and interest payments beginning August 25, 2013 and carries a fixed interest rate of 2.60%. The maturity date is July 25, 2028 and is secured by a pledge of water system revenue. In the event of default, the entire unpaid principal and interest balance may become due.

Total principal and interest remaining on the Series 2013 Note as of September 30, 2019 is \$1,832,670. For the year ended September 30, 2019, principal and interest paid was \$229,510 and total water system revenue pledged for the year was \$404,716.

SRF Loan

In January 2019, the District executed Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loan agreement DW090201 for the construction of transmission facilities. This agreement provides for total funding of \$130,000 including principal forgiveness of \$65,000. The loan period is for 10 years with semiannual principal and interest payments beginning December 15, 2019 and carries a fixed interest rate of 1.88%. The note is secured by gross revenues from the water system net of operation and maintenance costs. Total principal and interest remaining on the SRF Loan as of September 30, 2019 is \$73,491. For the year ended September 30, 2019, no principal or interest payments were made.

In July 2019, the District executed Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (SRF) Loan agreement DW090202 for water main replacements. This agreement provides for total funding of \$2,560,000 including estimated principal forgiveness of \$1,328,250. The loan period is for 30 years and carries an estimated interest rate of 0.71%. Loan payments are scheduled to commence on July 15, 2021. As of year end, the District had not drawn any balance on the note, or incurred any costs related to the project. The note is secured by gross revenues from the water system net of operation and maintenance costs.

In the event of default on the State Revolving Fund Loans, the Florida Department of Environmental Protection may cause to establish rates and collect fees, require the City to account for all moneys received and used, appoint a receiver to manage the Water and Sewer Systems, intercept delinquent amounts plus a penalty due to the City under State Revenue Sharing, recover all amounts due including costs of collection and attorney fees, and accelerate the repayment schedule or increase the interest rate by a factor of up to 1.667.

A summary of long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	,	,		,	
Other Post Employment Benefits	\$ 62,052	\$ 21,407	\$ -	\$ 83,459	\$ -
Net Pension Liability	63,037	 5,605	-	 68,642	-
Governmental Activities long-term liabilities	\$ 125,089	\$ 27,012	\$ -	\$ 152,101	\$ -
Business-type Activities:					
Notes Payable:					
Series 2013 Note	\$ 1,821,199	\$ -	\$ (183,573)	\$ 1,637,626	\$ 168,936
SRF Loan	-	66,715	-	66,715	6,123
Compensated Absences	60,667	-	-	60,667	12,133
Other Post Employment Benefits	136,515	47,096	-	183,611	-
Net Pension Liability	 586,873	 66,861	 -	653,734	 -
Business-type Activities long-term liabilities	\$ 2,605,254	\$ 180,672	\$ (183,573)	\$ 2,602,353	\$ 187,192

NOTE 4 LONG TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

A schedule of debt maturities for notes payable is as follows:

Years Ending September 30,	 Principal_		
2020	\$ 175,059	\$	41,800
2021	179,620		37,239
2022	184,300		32,559
2023	189,102		27,757
2024	194,029		22,830
2025-2029	 782,231		39,633
	\$ 1,704,341	\$	201,818

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLANS

Florida Retirement System Retirement Plan

The District's employees participate in the Florida System Retirement Plan (the Plan), which is a conditionally qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Plan is a cost sharing public employee retirement system with one exception: All risks and costs are not shared by the District, but are the liability of the State of Florida. The Plan is funded through contributions by the District and the District has no legal obligation for paying benefits. Generally, membership is mandatory for all employees.

General Information

All of the District's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS). As provided by Chapters 121 and 112, Florida Statutes, the FRS provides two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, including the FRS Pension Plan ("Pension Plan") and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy ("HIS Plan"). Under Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, the FRS also provides a defined contribution plan ("Investment Plan") alternative to the FRS Pension Plan, which is administered by the State Board of Administration ("SBA"). As a general rule, membership in the FRS is compulsory for all employees working in a regularly established position for a state agency, county government, district school board, state university, community college, or a participating city or special district within the State of Florida. The FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, and Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code. Amendments to the law can be made only by an act of the Florida State Legislature.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The latest available report may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida Division of Retirement, Department of Management Services, P.O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, or from the Web site:

www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications

FRS

Plan Description

The Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP") for eliqible employees.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service.

Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% (3.33% for judges and justices) of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service regardless of age for Regular, Senior Management Service, and Elected Officers' class members, and to age 60 or 30 years of service regardless of age for Special Risk and Special Risk Administrative Support class members. Also, the final average compensation for all these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is three percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of three percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by three percent. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement. In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

Contributions

Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute three percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contribution rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 of each year. The employer contribution rates by job class for the periods from October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019, respectively, were as follows: Regular – 8.26% and 8.47%; Senior Management Service – 24.06% and 25.41%; Elected Officers' – 48.70% and 48.82%; and DROP participants -14.03% and 14.60%.

These employer contribution rates include 1.66% HIS Plan subsidy for the periods October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019.

The District's contributions, including employee contributions, to the Pension Plan totaled \$62,103 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At September 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$532,639 for its proportionate share of the Pension Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share was .00155 percent, which was a decrease of (.00001) percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$135,370. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	31,592	\$	331	
Change of Assumptions		136,805		-	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual					
earnings on Pension Plan investments		-		29,468	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District					
Pension Plan Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		12,473		18,351	
District Pension Plan Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		12,694			
Total	\$	193,564	\$	48,150	

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$12,694 resulting from District contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending

September 30:	 Amount
2020	\$ 51,084
2021	11,912
2022	33,552
2023	27,318
2024	7,263
Thereafter	1,591

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumption, applied to all period included in the measurement:

Inflation2.60 %Salary Increases3.25%, average, including inflationInvestment Rate of Return6.90%, net of pension plan investment
expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2000 base table varies by member category and sex projected generationally with Scale MP2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (1)	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.00%	3.30%	3.30%	1.20%
Fixed Income	18.00%	4.10%	4.10%	3.50%
Global Equity	54.00%	8.00%	6.80%	16.50%
Real Estate	11.00%	6.70%	6.10%	11.70%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.20%	8.40%	25.80%
Strategic Investments	6.00%	5.90%	5.70%	6.70%
Total	100.00%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.60%	1.70%

⁽¹⁾ As outlined in the Pension Plan's investment policy

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90% as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.90%) or one percentage point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	 1% Decrease (5.90%)		Discount Rate (6.90%)		1% Increase (7.90%)	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 920,756	\$	532,639	\$	208,496	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

HIS Plan

Plan Description

The HIS Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month. To be eligible to receive these benefits, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the HIS contribution for the period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and from July 1, 2019 through September 30, 2019 was 1.66% and 1.66%, respectively. The District contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding three years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or cancelled.

The District's contributions to the HIS Plan totaled \$9,567 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions At September 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$189,737 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's 2018-19 fiscal year contributions relative to the 2017-18 fiscal year contributions of all participating members. At September 30, 2019, the District's proportionate share was .0017 percent, which was the same as its proportionate share measured as of September 30, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$16,472. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred in flows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Def	erred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	2,305	\$ 232
Change of Assumptions		21,970	15,508
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on HIS Plan Investments		122	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District HIS Plan Contributions			
and Proportionate Share of Contributions		6,967	1,658
District HIS Plan Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		2,410	<u>-</u>
Total	\$	33,774	\$ 17,398

The deferred outflows of resources related to the HIS Plan, totaling \$2,410 resulting from District contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIS Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending

September 30:	 Amount
2020	\$ 5,608
2021	4,858
2022	2,791
2023	(1,052)
2024	388
Thereafter	1,373

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60 %
Salary Increases	3.25%, average, including inflation
Municipal Bond Rate	3.50 %

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.50%. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease 2.50%		Discount Rate 3.50%		1% Increase 4.50%
District's Proportionate Share of						
the Net Pension Liability	\$	216,595	\$	189,737	\$	167,368

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the HIS Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Investment Plan

The SBA administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan. The investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. District employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected District Officers, etc.), as the Pension Plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the Investment Plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2019 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30%, and Special Risk class 14.00%.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after one year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Nonvested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the District.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump- sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The District's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$4,386 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan

Effective October 15, 2002, the Board adopted a Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan for the benefit of all employees and commissioners. Employees and commissioners may defer up to Internal Revenue Code limits. There were no costs incurred by the District for the Plan and no employer contributions were made to the Plan for the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Risk of loss from the above is transferred by the District to various commercial insurers through the purchase of insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year. There have been no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

NOTE 7 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

As of September 30, 2019, the Water Fund owed the General Fund \$966,505 as a working capital loan. Subsequent to year end, the District forgave the interfund loan.

NOTE 8 CONTINGENCIES

During the ordinary course of its operations, the District is a party to various claims, legal actions, and complaints. In addition, although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in opinion of the District's management and legal counsel, these matters are not anticipated to have a material financial impact on the District.

NOTE 9 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 112.0801, the District makes continued group health insurance through the District's current provider available to retirees and eligible dependents provided certain service requirements and normal age retirement requirements have been met. This benefit has no cost to the District, other than the implicit cost of including retirees in the group calculation. All premiums are paid by the retirees.

Retirement eligibility

General Employees – Participants are eligible for medical continuation at age 62 and 10 years of service, or 25 years of service.

NOTE 9 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

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Type of Coverage	Employee	Spouse
Medical Coverage		
Eligibility	Retiree meets District Retirement eligibility	Same as Retiree
Retiree cost sharing	Retiree pays 100% of premium	Retiree pays 100% of spousal premium
Coverage ceases	All forms of coverage cease upon the earlier of death or	All forms of coverage cease upon the
	discontinuance of required cost sharing	earlier of death or discontinuance of
Dental and Vision Coverage	Not available to retirees.	Not available to retirees.
Life Insurance Coverage		
Eligibility	\$50,000	N/A
Retiree cost sharing	\$11,784	N/A
Coverage ceases	All forms of coverage cease upon the earlier of death or	N/A
	discontinuance of required cost sharing	

Post-65 Medical coverage is available.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At October 1, 2019, (the valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retired Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	3
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Employees	16
	19

Employer contributions

The funding policy of the plan sponsor is to contribute annually an amount sufficient to satisfy benefit payment requirements to participants.

Employee contributions

None.

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$267,070 as of September 30, 2019 for the District's fiscal year and reporting period of October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019. The values shown for this fiscal year and reporting period are based on a measurement date of September 30, 2019 and the corresponding measurement period of October 1, 2018 to September 30, 2019. The measurement of the total OPEB liability is based on a valuation date of September 30, 2019.

Total OPEB Liability	\$	267,070
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	-
Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability	_\$	267,070
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of	_	
Total OPEB Liability		0.00%

NOTE 9 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following key actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Mortality RP-2000 Mortality Table, projected 18 years; this assumption does not include a

margin for future improvements in longevity

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

The District has used the alternative measurement method for employers. As a result of using the alternative measurement method, no deferred inflows or outflows related to OPEB are recognized.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	OPEB Liability
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$ 198,567
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	2,303
Interest	6,026
Contributions-employer	-
Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	48,481
Assumption Changes or Inputs	11,692
Net Changes	68,502
Balances at September 30, 2019	\$ 267,070

Sensitivity of the new OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the employer as of the measurement date calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		Cı	rrent Discount	
	1% Decrease 1.74%		Rate 2.74%	1% Increase 3.74%
Plan Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 320,718	\$	267,070	\$ 224,476

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (8.5 percent decreasing to 4.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (10.5 percent decreasing to 6.5 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Cu	rrent Trend Rate	1% Increase
Plan Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 267,070	\$	267,070	\$ 267,070

Florida Retirement System

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00	1546634%	0.00	1560901%	0.00	1508397%	0.00	1645911%	0.00	1733008%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	532,639	\$	470,152	\$	446,174	\$	415,594	\$	223,850
District's employee Payroll	\$	564,724	\$	564,856	\$	556,812	\$	539,541	\$	510,934
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its covered payroll		94.32%		83.23%		80.13%		77.03%		43.81%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.61%		84.26%		83.89%		84.88%		92.00%
HIS Plan										
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00	1695748%	0.00	1698380%	0.00	1678390%	0.00	1703166%	0.00	1619668%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	189,737	\$	179,758	\$	179,461	\$	198,497	\$	165,181
District's employee Payroll	\$	564,724	\$	564,856	\$	556,812	\$	556,812	\$	539,541
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its covered payroll		33.60%		31.82%		32.23%		35.65%		30.62%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		2.63%		2.15%		1.64%		0.97%		0.50%

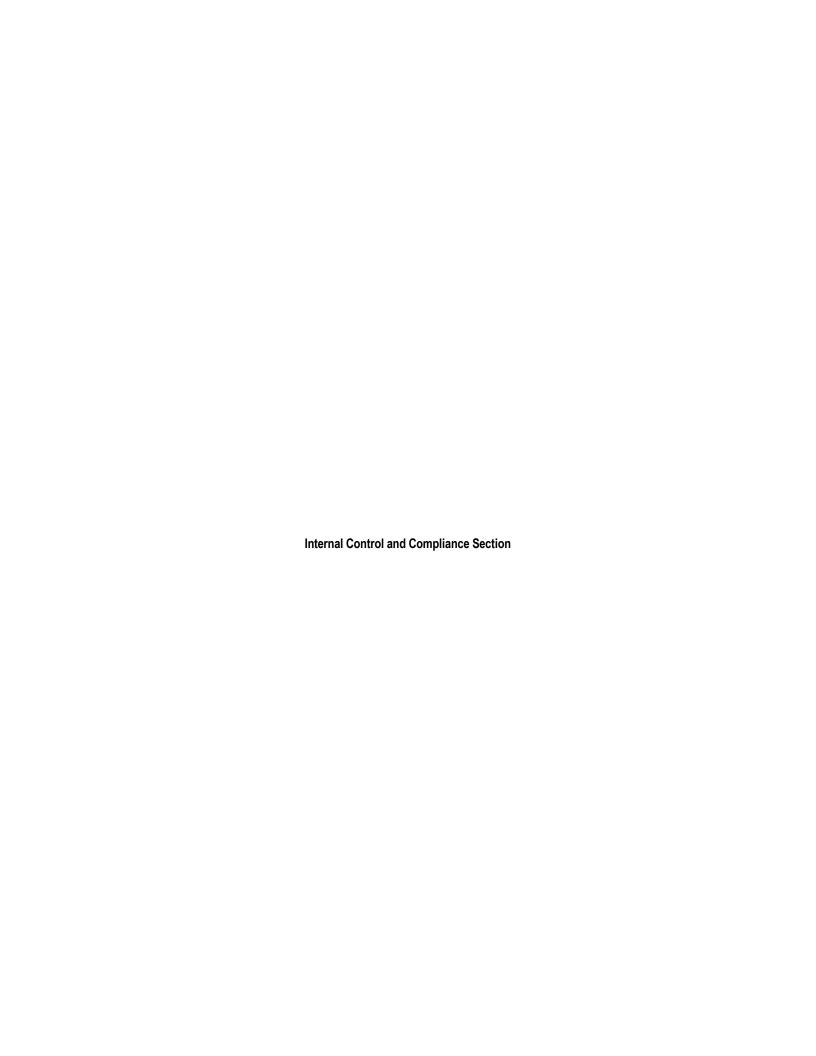
^{*} only 5 years of data available

Florida Retirement System					
	2019	2018	 2017	2016	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually	\$ 58,409	\$ 57,738	\$ 53,805	\$ 52,099	\$ 42,043
Required Contribution	(58,409)	(57,738)	 (53,805)	 (52,099)	(42,043)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 576,648	\$ 564,856	\$ 556,812	\$ 539,541	\$ 510,934
Contributions as a Percentage of covered payroll	10.13%	10.22%	9.66%	9.66%	8.23%
HIS Plan					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually	\$ 9,567	\$ 9,220	\$ 9,017	\$ 8,703	\$ 6,821
Required Contribution	(9,567)	(9,220)	(9,017)	 (8,703)	 (6,821)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 576,648	\$ 564,856	\$ 556,812	\$ 539,541	\$ 510,934

^{*} only 5 years of data available

		9/30/2019		9/30/2018
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	\$	2,304 6,026 - 48,481 11,692	\$	11,784 8,021 - (31,328) (45,495)
Other changes Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	68,503	\$	(57,018)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	Ψ	198,567	Ψ	255,585
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	267,070	\$	198,567
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%
covered payroll	\$	586,648	\$	564,856
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of payroll		45.52%		35.15%

^{*} only 2 years of data available







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Homosassa Special Water District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Homosassa Special Water District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Homosassa Special Water District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 13, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Homosassa Special Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Homosassa Special Water District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Homosassa Special Water District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Homosassa Special Water District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDismit Davis

Orlando, Florida May 13, 2020





MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

Board of Commissioners Homosassa Special Water District Homosassa, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of *Homosassa Special Water District* (the "District"), Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated May 13, 2020.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 13, 2020, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i.)1., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report, except as noted below.

Tabulation of Uncorrected Audit Findings							
Current Year Finding # 2017-18 FY Finding # 2016-2017 FY Finding #							
19-1	18-1	17-1					

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information has been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. See Appendix A for current year comments and recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material, but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate, and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies the Board of Commissioners, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McDirmit Davis

Orlando, Florida May 13, 2020

Appendix A - Current Year Recommendations to Improve the District's Financial Management,

Accounting Procedures and Internal Controls

Year Ended September 30, 2019

ML 19-1- Interfund Balances

Criteria - Long term interfund balances should include plans for repayment.

Condition - The balance due to the General Fund continues to grow, and is greater than available cash and investments in the water fund.

Cause - During our audit we noted that the District is transferring cash from the General Fund to the Water System Revenue Fund, however, this flow of cash is being recorded as a loan rather than a transfer out.

Effect - Tax revenues continue to accumulate in the General Fund, and only the annual debt payment amount is being recorded as a transfer to the Water System Revenue Fund.

Recommendation - We recommend that the District consider forgiving the balance due to the General Fund if it does not expect the Water System Revenue Fund to repay this balance. If the District plans to repay the General Fund, a repayment plan should be set up to reduce this interfund balance. We noted that subsequent to year end, the District approved forgiving the interfund balance in fiscal year 2020.

ML 19-2- Account Reconciliations

Criteria - Utility accounts receivable subledger should be reconciled to the general ledger.

Condition - The utility accounts system subledger does not agree to the accounting module accounts receivable balance.

Cause - Various posting discrepancies have not been reconciled between the customer detail accounts receivable ledger and the general ledger balance.

Effect - Various unreconciled differences could go undetected.

Recommendation - We recommend that the District implement procedures to reconcile the two modules each month and follow up on posting differences.



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

Board of Commissioners Homosassa Special Water District

We have examined Homosassa Special Water District's (the District) compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2019. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Homosassa Special Water District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

McDirmit Davis

Orlando, Florida May 13, 2020



Homosassa Special Water District

PO Box 195 Homosassa, FL 34487

Business Hours: 7:00 AM - 5:30 PM, Monday - Thursday Excepting Holidays Phone (352) 628-3740 hswd@tampabay.rr.com Fax (352) 628-4865

May 19, 2020

Auditor General's Office Local Government Audits/342 Claude Pepper Building, Room 401 111 W Madison St Tallahassee, FL 32399-1450

Dear Sirs,

At a regular meeting of the Board of Commissioners of the Homosassa Special Water District held on Monday, May 18, 2020, the following decisions were made concerning the recommendation on Internal Controls under the Management letter.

See recommendation attached.

Interfund Balances:

The District has forgiven the balance due to the General Fund. This balance was cleared out of the system in March of 2020. A letter was sent to the Joint Legislative Committee concerning this item and explained that since this was not done prior to this audit being prepared it would also be in this audit finding. This will no longer be an issue and will not appear in future audits.

Account Reconciliations:

Procedures will be implemented with our software company to make sure that monthly the two modules are balanced and will research and follow up on any differences.

If you should have any questions concerning this letter please do not hesitate to contact me at the District office at 352-62-3740.

Sincerely,

Teresa Olds

Teresa Olds Office Manager Homosassa Special Water District

